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400224-01

B67-1

VOLUME 2 OF 2 OF SUBMISSION

PROPICONAZOLE

STUDY TITLE

DETERMINATION OF TOTAL RESIDUES OF PROPICONAZOLE IN CROPS AS 2,4-DICHLOROBENZOIC ACID BY CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY

DATA REQUIREMENT

GUIDELINE NO. 171-4

AUTHOR

J. Toth and P.J. Manuli

STUDY COMPLETED ON

December 8, 1986

PERFORMING LABORATORY

BIOCHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT AGRICULTURAL DIVISION CIBA-GEIGY CORPORATION P.O. BOX 18300 GREENSBORO, NC 27419

LABORATORY PROJECT ID

METHOD NO. AG-454A

VOLUME 1 OF 1 OF STUDY

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AGRICULTURAL DIVISION CIBA-GEIGY CORPORATION P.O. BOX 18300 GREENSBORO, NC 27419

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EDITION 12/8/86

SUBMITTED BY:
J. Toth, P. J. Manuli

APPROVED BY:

APPROVED BY:

APPROVED BY:

METHOD NO. AG-454A

SUBJECT

DETERMINATION OF TOTAL RESIDUES
OF PROPICONAZOLE IN CROPS AS
2,4-DICHLOROBENZOIC ACID BY
CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY

APPROVED BY:

M. W. Clauma

I. SUMMARY/INTRODUCTION

Ia. SCOPE

This method is used for the determination of total residues of propiconazole, 1-[[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole in crops as 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid (DCBA) (see Figure 1 for structures). Analytical Method Ag-454A is an updated version of AG-454. In this new version, the following modifications and additions were included:

- Ia.1. Several analytical steps and statements were clarified;
- Ia.2. The validation results were expanded to include the latest recovery data; and
- Ia.3. This version was written to conform to the new requirements according to EPA publication, "Pesticide Assessment Guidelines, Subdivision O, Addendum 2, Residue Chemistry, Series 171-4, Analytical Method(s), Magnitude of the Residue: Crop Field Trials and Storage Stability Study."

Ib. PRINCIPLE

Samples are extracted by refluxing with 20% concentrated ammonium hydroxide/methanol for one hour. mixture is cooled and filtered. An aliquot of the extract is evaporated to dryness, and the residue dissolved in NaOH. The sample is then heated for one hour and fifteen minutes with potassium permanganate, where propiconazole and its metabolites are converted to 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid. After addition of water, the sample is partitioned with 10% diethyl ether/hexane. The organic phase containing 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid is evaporated to dryness and derivatized with diazomethane in the presence of dodecane which acts as a keeper to reduce losses, due to the volatility of the derivative, in subsequent steps. The derivative is cleaned up using an acidic alumina Sep-Pak. cleaned extract is analyzed by capillary gas chromatography.

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The limit of detection for the method is 0.05 ppm expressed as propiconazole equivalents.

The flow diagram for the method is shown in Figure 2.

II. MATERIALS/METHODS

IIa. Equipment

- IIa.1 Concentration tubes, 50 ml (Fisher Catalog No. 05-538-40B, Kimax Brand or equivalent).
- IIa.3 Distillation column, Snyder, 3 ball (Kontes Catalog No. K-503000-012 or equivalent).
- IIa.5 Food chopper, Hobart or equivalent.
- IIa.6 Funnel, 12.5 cm. size.
- IIa.7 Glascol heating mantle, 500 ml.
- IIa.8 Multi-Blok Heater, (Cole-Parmer, Catalog No. J-3128-00 or Thomas, Catalog No. 5891-C10 or equivalent).
- IIa.9 N-evap or equivalent.
- IIa.10 Rotary evaporator, Buchi or equivalent.
- IIa.11 Sample vials, GC autosampler.
- IIa.12 Sample concentrator (Thomas, Catalog No.
 4367-B20 or equivalent)
- IIa.13 Separatory funnel, 125 ml with Teflon stopcock.
- IIa.14 Sep-Pak, acidic alumina (Waters Associates, Catalog No. 51800).

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:	IIa.15	Syringe, 25 m	l, L	lerLok®.
: [IIa.16	Test tubes, 20 (Ace Glass Coequivalent.	4/40 ., Ca	joint, 18.5 cm x 22 mm. atalog No. 8645-38) or
:	[Ia.17	Thermometer,	-10 1	to 360°C.
:	IIa.18	Thermometer,	-20	to 110°C.
:	[Ia.19	Variable trans	sfor	ner, Powerstat.
:	[Ia.20	Vortex mixer	or e	quivalent.
:	[Ia.21	Stirring rods	, 10	x 300 mm.
IIb. <u>I</u>	Reagent	s and Standard	<u>s</u>	
:	Ib.1	Acetone Pestic A-40-4 or equi		Grade (Fisher Catalog No.
:	Ib.2	Ammonium hydro Catalog No. A	oxide -669	e, concentrated (Fisher or equivalent).
]	Ib.3	20% (v/v) Ammo methanol.	onium	M Hydroxide, concentrated/
3	Ib.4	Propiconazole	anal	lytical standard.
1	Ib.5	Diazomethane, prepared accor		thyl ether solution, g to AG-345 ¹ .
1	Ib.6			ic acid (DCBA), Aldrich alog No. 13957-2.
1	Ib.7	Diethyl ether, Scientific, Caequivalent).	, dis	stilled in glass (American og No. 106-40 or
1	Ib.8	10% (v/v) Die	thyl	ether in hexane.
1	Ib.9	Distilled water	er.	

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- IIb.10 Dodecane, 99%, Aldrich Chemical Co., Catalog
 No. D22, 110-4.
- IIb.11 1% (w/v) Dodecane in acetone.
- IIb.12 Ethyl acetate, Certified Grade (Fisher Scientific, Catalog No. E145-4 or equivalent).
- IIb.13 1.0% (v/v) distilled water in ethyl acetate.
- IIb.14 Hexane, HPLC Grade (Fisher, Catalog No. H302-4 or equivalent).
- IIb.15 Methanol, Certified Grade (Fisher, Catalog
 No. A412-4 or equivalent).
- IIb.17 Sodium meta-bisulfite, reagent grade, Baker.
- IIb.18 Sodium hydroxide, reagent grade, Baker.
- IIb.19 Sodium hydroxide, one normal solution.
- IIb.20 Hydrochloric acid, reagent grade.
- IIb.21 Hydrochloric acid, six normal solution.

IIc. Analytical Procedure

IIc.1 Preparation of Sample

IIc.1.1 Grind 300-400 g of crop sample using a Hobart food cutter and dry ice. Dry samples such as grains or nut meats are milled using a Wiley Mill.

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IIc.2 Extraction and Fortification

- IIc.2.2 Fortification of one or more control
 samples will be performed at this
 step.
 - IIc.2.2.1 Prepare the fortification standard by dissolving 100 ± 0.1 mg propiconazole (using an analytical balance) in 100 ml of hexane in a volumetric flask. Make serial dilution of the standard such that the fortification volume will not exceed 1.0 ml.
 - IIc.2.2.2 Add parent propiconazole standard in 1.0 ml or less of hexane to the control samples before extraction.
 - IIc.2.2.3 Let the spiked samples stand for at least 30 minutes before adding extraction solvent.
- IIc.2.3 Add 200 ml of 20% conc. ammonium hydroxide/methanol. Fit the flask to a reflux condenser and heat under reflux for one hour using a Glascol heating mantle with a variable transformer setting of 65. Allow to cool to room temperature.

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- IIc.2.4 Filter the extract through a Reeve Angel Grade 802 filter paper inside a Whatman 2V filter paper into an 8 oz. bottle.
- IIc.2.5 Transfer a 0.225 g crop equivalent aliquot (3.0 ml) to a 24/40 test tube (18.5 cm x 22 mm) and add 0.1 ml of conc. acetic acid. Concentrate the solution to dryness at a temperature < 40°C.

The acetic acid prevents possible losses of parent propiconazole during the concentration step.

IIc.3 Potassium Permanganate Reflux

- IIc.3.1 Add 0.4 g of potassium permanganate
 to the test tube.
- IIc.3.2 Add 6 ml of 1N sodium hydroxide. Stopper and mix well on a vortex mixer.

NOTE: After addition of NaOH and KMnO, and mixing well, the sample color must be dark purple. If sample appears to be brownish to dark green, additional KMnO, must be added in increments of 0.1 g. Mix sample well each time.

IIc.3.3 Rinse sides of test tube with 2 ml of 1N sodium hydroxide. Add boiling chips.

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- IIc.3.4 Place test tubes fitted with Snyder columns on a heating block which has been pre-heated to 125°C, and heat for one hour and fifteen minutes.
- IIc.3.5 Add 5 ml of water through the top of
 the Snyder column, and allow to cool
 for 15 minutes.
- IIc.3.6 Add 6 g of sodium meta-bisulfite, stopper and mix well on a vortex mixer. Sample will gradually turn white.
- IIc.3.7 Add 14 ml of 6N hydrochloric acid slowly. Sample will effervesce. Mix sample carefully using glass stirring rod until completely clear.

NOTE: Stained glassware which has been used in the KMnO4 reaction may be rinsed with a dilute solution of sodium meta-bisulfite to remove stains. Continue with usual wash and rinse.

IIc.4 Diethyl Ether/Hexane Partition

IIc.4.1 Transfer the sample solution in the test tube to a 125-ml separatory funnel. Add 15 ml of 10% (v/v) diethyl ether/hexane and stopper. Partition for one minute and allow the layers to separate. Drain the lower aqueous layer back into the test tube. Transfer the organic phase through a filter tube or powder funnel containing absorbent cotton into a 100-ml round bottom flask.

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- IIc.4.2 Repeat the partition with 15 ml of
 10% diethyl ether/hexane.
- IIc.4.3 Rinse the separatory funnel with 10 ml of 10% diethyl ether/hexane. Use this and an additional 20 ml of 10% diethyl ether/hexane to rinse the absorbent cotton.
- IIc.4.4 Add 2 ml of 1% (w/v) dodecane solution in acetone to the flask and evaporate to dryness using a rotary evaporator (bath temperature <40°C).

NOTE: The added dodecane coats the surface of the round bottom flask uniformly after the evaporation step and acts as a keeper to reduce volatility losses of the methyl derivative of 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid during the subsequent evaporation steps.

IIc.5 Derivatization with Diazomethane

- IIc.5.1 To the residues remaining after evaporation of the diethyl ether/hexane extract of Step IIc.4.4, add 2 ml of diazomethane/diethyl ether reagent solution (AG-3451).
- IIc.5.2 Allow the solution to stand for at least 30 minutes with occasional gentle swirling. Add more diazomethane as required to maintain a yellow color.

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CAUTION:

Add diazomethane inside a well ventilated hood. Extreme care should be exercised in handling diazomethane because of the potential toxic effects and explosion hazards on contact with sharp or rough surfaces.

IIc.5.3 Evaporate the diethyl ether off after the derivatization using a rotary evaporator at room temperature (do not use a bath). Continue the evaporation at room temperature for an additional one and no longer than two minutes to ensure the complete removal of diethyl ether.

NOTE: Evaporation at higher temperature to total dryness may cause losses of the derivative.

IIc.6 Alumina Sep-Pak Cleanup

- IIc.6.1 Fit an acidic alumina Sep-Pak
 cartridge to the LuerLok end of a 25
 ml syringe with the plunger
 removed (see Figure 3).
- IIc.6.2 Add 10 ml of 1.0% (v/v) water/ethyl acetate to the barrel of the syringe and allow it to flow by gravity through the Sep-Pak. (A rate of 2-3 ml per minute is normal).

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NOTE: The 1.0% (v/v) water/ethyl acetate wash is used to deactivate the acidic alumina.

- IIc.6.3 Prewash the Sep-Pak cartridge with 10 ml of hexane by gravity flow.
- IIc.6.4 Dissolve the residue from IIC.5.3 in 5 ml of hexane and transfer into the barrel of the syringe. Elute the hexane through the Sep-Pak by gravity flow.
- IIc.6.5 Rinse the round bottom flask with 7 ml of 10% (v/v) diethyl ether/hexane and transfer to the barrel of the syringe. Elute the acidic alumina Sep-Pak by gravity flow, collecting the eluant in a 50-ml concentration tube.

NOTE: Distilled in glass diethyl ether is used for the elution steps.

IId. <u>Instrumentation</u>

IId.1 Description

The sample in Step IIc.6.6 is analyzed by capillary gas chromatography using an electron capture detector. The gas chromatographic conditions are given in Table I.

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IId.2 Operating Conditions

See Table No. 1

IId.3 Calibration

IId.3.1 The GC system should be calibrated with each analytical rin, by checking the retention time of DCBA methyl ester. The retention time should not vary by more than + 2% on a daily basis, otherwise the system should be inspected and proper maintenance should be performed in order to achieve the narrow range of variation.

IId.3.2 Method of Calculation

The gas chromatograph is standardized by injecting $2~\mu l$ aliquots of the diluted DCBA-methyl ester solutions during residue analysis. This represents a working range of 0.5 to 10.0 picograms of the derivative (expressed as dichlorobenzoic acid).

IIe. Interference(s)

Sample matrices. Analytical Method AG-454A has been used to analyze a large variety of crop matrices (Table II). No interferences (<0.05 ppm) were found in corn grain, soybean beans, wheat grain, peanut nutmeat, beans or peas and the majority of corn fodder, forage or soybean hay samples. A few corn forage, corn fodder and soybean hay samples showed a maximum of 0.15 ppm and an average of 0.083 + 0.034 ppm (N = 8) of propiconazole residues detected as DCBA-methyl ester. These residues could have been real propiconazole

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residues resulting from contamination due to drift from adjacent treated plots. Rotational celery stem control samples showed a maximum of 0.13 ppm total residue with an average of 0.10 ± 0.029 ppm (N = 6). This again might have resulted from contamination.

- No interferences from chemicals having per-IIe.2 manent or Section 18 tolerances in or on pecans, peanuts, grapes or apples were detected when determined as 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid. Two studies were conducted (ABR-83075 2 and ABR-85040 3). In one of the studies, ABR-85040, maximum tolerance level amounts of the pesticide chemicals having permanent tolerances or Section 18 tolerances in or on grapes and apples were subjected to the procedures of Analytical Method AG-4454", Determination of CGA-71818 Residues in Grapes and Apples by Conversion to 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid and Analysis by Capillary Gas Chromatography." Analytical Methods AG-454A and AG-445 are nearly identical in every step with slight differences in the length of basic permanganate hydrolysis time (1.25 vs. 2.0 hours), in the partition solvents (diethyl ether/hexane vs. methyl tert-butyl ether) and in the Sep-Pak columns (acidic alumina vs. silica gel). Propiconazole and CGA-71818 are also very similar in chemical structures and properties. In the second study (ABR-83075), pesticidal chemicals having permanent or Section 18 tolerances in or on pecans or peanuts were subjected to the analytical procedures of AG-3565 which was an earlier version of AG-454A. No interferences were detected.
- IIe.3 No interference from the solvents used in this method has been detected.

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IIe.4. The roto evaporator should be rinsed with fresh acetone solvent between each sample evaporation to eliminate possible cross contamination.

IIf. Confirmatory Techniques

IIf.1 GC/MS according to Analytical Method AG- 356^5 .

IIg. Time Required

IIg.1 A total of twelve hours is needed. This includes the cooling of hot extract and the actual injection time. When several sets of samples are being worked up, many steps can be overlapped and performed concurrently.

IIh. Modifications

IIh.1 None

IIi. Preparation of Standard 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid Methyl Derivative

IIi.1 Calibration Factors

- IIi.1.2 Add 3 ml of diazomethane as in Steps IIc.5.1 to IIc.5.2.
- IIi.1.3 Bring to volume with hexane. The standard solution of the derivative is 100 ng/µl expressed as 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid equivalents. Serial dilutions of the standard solution are made with hexane until working solutions containing 0.25, 0.50, 1.0, 2.5, and 5.0 picograms per microliter are achieved.

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- III.1.4 Inject 2 µl aliquots of the diluted solutions during residue analysis. This represents a working range of 0.5 to 10.0 picograms of the derivative (expressed as dichlorobenzoic acid).
- IIi.1.5 Determine the peak height for the injected standards. Typical chromatograms of standards are shown in Figure 4.
- III.1.6 Construct a standard curve by plotting detector response versus picograms injected or enter the standardization data into an appropriate electronic calculator (e.g., Hewlett-Packard Model HP-11C) or a computer system (e.g., HP-1000 Lab Automation System [LAS]) which utilizes integration software to calculate a least square standard curve. A typical standard curve is shown in Figure 5.

II1.2 Detection of Sample Residues

IIi.2.1 Inject a 2-µl aliquot of the sample in Step IIc.6.6 into a gas chromatograph equipped with an electron capture detector. Make appropriate dilutions of the sample to have the sample peak height within the range of the standard curve. Compare peak heights of unknown samples with the standard curve, manually or by either using an electronic calculator or a computer system as mentioned in IIi.1.6, to determine the amounts of

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the derivative in the aliquot injected. Typical chromatograms of checks and recovery samples are shown in Figures 6 through 9.

PPM Found = $\frac{\text{Amount 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid Found (pg)}}{\text{(mg injected)}} \times 1.79$

Correct the ppm found in recoveries by subtracting the ppm found, real or apparent, in the controls. Calculate the recovery factor by the following equation:

R = Corrected PPM Found in Fortified Sample
PPM Added

where R is the recovery factor determined using a fortified control sample carried through the procedure and is expressed as a decimal (100% = 1.00, etc.). If the recovery is >100%, use the factor 1.00.

Correct the propiconazole ppm found in samples by the following equation:

Corrected ppm = (PPM Found in Sample)
R

The factor 1.79 is used to convert residues of 2,4-dichlorobenzoic acid found into propiconazole equivalents.

IIj. <u>DISCUSSION</u>

II].1 Preparation of diazomethane should be carried out as specified in AG-345.

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	In.2 The a	verage re	ecovery of propiconazole from

- The average recovery of propiconazole from crop samples fortified at 0.05 to 2.0 ppm was 88.2 + 15.0%; N = 118.
- The extraction procedure used in this method was shown in ABR-830786 to remove a significant portion of the total ¹⁴C-residue (88%, 89%) present in winter wheat straw and corn stalks. Accountability of the total method was tested, using five propiconazole related metabolites present in crops. Average recovery of all metabolites was 93 + 11% (see Table III). In addition, the method was validated using ¹⁴C-treated crop. Validation details are presented in ABR-850217.
- II].4 Corn fraction samples, feedstock, meal, flour, soap-stock and oils can be analyzed by this method. Soapstock samples require cooling of sample in refrigerator after extraction, and filtering of sample while cool to remove precipitate. It also requires 1.0 g of potassium permanganate.
- IIj.5 For pineapple samples, refer to Analytical Method AG-4488.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

IIIa. Accuracy

IIIa.1 The average recovery was $88.2 \pm 15.0\%$, N = 118, at a fortification range of 0.05 ppm to 2.0 ppm. No dependency of percent recovery on fortification level was found.

IIIb. Precision

IIIb.1 Not performed.

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IIIc. Limits of Detection and Quantitation

IIIc.1 The limit of detection in crops is 0.05 ppm detected as 2,4-DCBA and reported as propiconazole equivalents.

IIId. Ruggedness

Testing not performed.

IIIe. Limitation

None

IV. REFERENCES

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- 3. W. T. Beidler, J. A. Ross, ABR-85040, "Specificity of Analytical Method AG-445 for the Determination of the Total Residues of CGA-71818 in Grapes and Apples."
- 4. P. Manulı, J. W. Smith, S. G. Burge, Ag-445, "Determination of CGA-71818 Residues in Grapes and Apples by Conversion to 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid and Analysis by Capillary Gas Chromatography."
- 5. K. Balasubramanian, B. Gold, M. W. Cheung, AG-356, "Determination of Total CGA-64250 Residues in Crops by Conversion to 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid and Analysis by Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometry."
- 6. Nixon, W. B., Rhoads, W. D., ABR-83078, "Validation of Analytical Methods AG-356, AG-407, and AG-415 for the Determination of Residues of CGA-64250 in Crops by Conversion to 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid."

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- 7. Perez, R., Toth, J., ABR-85021, "Validation of Analytical Methods AG-448 and AG-454 for the Determination of Residues of Propiconazole in Crops by Conversion to 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid."
- 8. Perez, R., Toth, J., AG-448, "Determination of Total Residues of CGA-64250 in Pineapples as 2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid by Capillary Gas Chromatography."

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			APPROVED BY:	

TABLE I: CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS

Instrument: Hewlett-Packard Model 5880 Capillary Gas

Chromatograph with Model 7672A Automatic

Sampler.

Carrier Gas: Helium, flow adjusted to give 17 psi (1-2 ml

per minute).

Makeup Gas: 5% argon/methane, 30 ml per minute.

Column: J & W capillary, DB-5, 30 meter, 0.25 µm film

thickness, 0.32 mm 1.d.

Injection: Splitless.

<u>Detector</u>: <u>Electron capture</u>.

Temperatures:

Injector: 250°C
Detector: 300°C

Oven Program and Run Table

PROGRAM.	(ANNOTATION OFF)
10 15 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	VALVE 6 ON SIGNAL C DEVICE# 5 OVEN TEMP 60 OVEN TEMP EQUIB TIME 1 OVEN TEMP INITIAL VALUE 60 OVEN TEMP INITIAL TIME 1 OVEN TEMP PRGM RATE 30 OVEN TEMP FINAL VALUE 125 OVEN TEMP FINAL TIME 5 OVEN TEMP POST VALUE 240 OVEN TEMP POST TIME 8 ATTN 2+10

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	APPROVED BY:	
<u> </u>		

TABLE I: CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS (continued)

120 130	ATTN 2+10 DEVICE# 15 CHART SPEED 0.2
140	% OFFSET 10
150	RUN TIME ANNOTATION OFF
160	RUN TBL ANNOTATION OFF
170	REPORT ANNOTATION ON
180	REPORT ON
190	DELETE RUN TBL
200	DELETE REPORT - TBL
210	PEAK WIDTH 0.04
220	THRESHOLD 1
230	RUN TIME 0 VALUE 6 ON
240	RUN TIME 0.1 INTG OFF
250	RUN TIME 0.5 VALVE 6 OFF
260	RUN TIME 6.71 ATTN 2+4
270	RUN TIME 6.72 CHART SPEED 2
280	RUN TIME 6.73 ZERO
290	RUN TIME 6.74 % OFFSET 10
300	RUN TIME 6.9 INTG ON
310	RUN TIME 6.91 RUN TIME ANNOTATION ON
320	RUN TIME 6./ ATTN 2+2 DEVICE# 5
330	RUN TIME 7.4 INTG OFF
340	RUN TIME 7.41 RUN TIME ANNOTATION OFF
350	RUN TIME 7.51 VALVE 6 ON
360	OVEN TEMP ANNOTATION OFF
370	EDIT AUTO SEO 1.2
360	SIGNAL C DEVICE# 1
390	AREA %

Minimum Detection Limit: 0.5 picogram

Volume Injected: 2 µl

Retention Time: 8.06 + 0.1 minutes

				
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			2,4-DICHLOROBENZOIC ACID BY CAPILLARY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY	
			APPROVED BY:	

TABLE II: TYPICAL PROPICONAZOLE RECOVERIES

Substrate		1	Fortification Range (ppm)	Average Recovery (%)
Wheat (incl straw and g	uding wh grain)	eat	0.10 - 1.0	79.8 + 3.8 (n = 4)
Soybean (including soybean hay, dry beans, and fractions [hulls, meal, crude oil, refine oil, refine b.H. oil, R.B.H.D. oil and soapstock]			•	91.7 <u>+</u> 16.0 (n = 15)
Corn (including silage, fodder, grain, ears, and fractins [feed stock, meals, and flour]			0.05 - 2.0	87.4 <u>+</u> 15.5 (n = 58)
Celery (ste	ms)		0.05 - 2.0	$86.0 \pm 14.6 (n = 17)$
Peanut (including hay and nuts)		0.05 - 1.0	99.5 <u>+</u> 12.2 (n = 6)	
Beans and Peas (including hay, kidney beans, pinto beans, and lima beans)		0.05 - 2.0	87.8 <u>+</u> 14.5 (n = 18)	
	Overall	recovery	7 = 88.2 + 15.0	(n = 118)
Reference:	AG-As	8621, 1- 8566, 1- 8459, 1- 8027, 2; 8542; 81 8629; 86	-2; 8596; 8589, -2; 8560, 1-2; 8	8739; 8698; 8457;

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TABLE III: RECOVERIES OF RELATED METABOLITES

<u>Metabolite</u>	Recovery
CGA-91305, alkanol	101%
CGA-91304, ketone	76%
CGA-104284, olefin	105%
CGA-118244, β-hydroxy	89%
CGA-121676, Y-acid	93%

Average recovery 93 ± 11%

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FIGURE 1: STRUCTUPES

CGA-64250

1-[[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]-1-H-1,2,4-triazole

2,4-Dichlorobenzoic Acid

					
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	FIGURE 2: FLOW D	IAGRAM OF METHOD			
	15 g Sample				
Reflux 1 hr	. with 200 ml of 20%	Conc. NH.OH/MeOH			
	↓ Filter				
	+ +				
Ţ					
Resid	ue	Filtrate			
↓ Disca	rd 0	.225 g aliquot (3 ml.)			
]	↓ Evaporate to dryness			
		<u>-</u>			
	KHIIO ₄	reflux 1 hr., 15 min. (See Section IIC.3)			
	Add 5 m	l of H ₂ O, allow to cool			
	Add	6 g of Na ₂ S ₂ O ₅			
	Add	14 ml of 6N HCl			
		Partition			
2x15 ml of 10	O% diethyl ether/hexam	ne Aqueous			
2 ml of 1%	dodecane in acetone	† Discard			
Evaporat	te to dryness				
Derivatize, d	liazomethane ether so	lution, 2 ml			
Let star	nd 30 minutes				
Evap	porate ether				
	(Continued on fo	ollowing page)			

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FIGURE 2: FLOW DIAGRAM FOR THE DETERMINATION OF TOTAL CGA-64250 (Continued)

Sep-Pak Cleanup

Prewash acidic alumina with 10 ml of 1.0% (v/v) water/ethyl acetate, and 10 ml of hexane.

Load sample in 5 ml of hexane, and elute.

Rinse sample flask with 7 ml of 10% diethyl ether/hexane, transfer to column and elute.

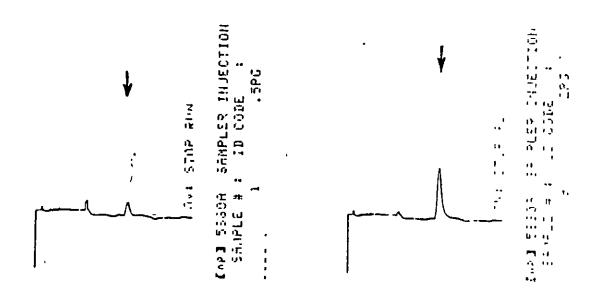
Dilute to 10.0 ml.

Analyze by Capillary GC.

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FIGURE	3: DIAGRAM OF SEP-PA	AK CLEANUP	
SYRINGE	P-PAK	23 Oct 51 Cl	

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FIGURE 4: TYPICAL STANDARD CHROMATOGRAMS OF 2,4-DICHLOROBENZOIC ACID METHYL DERIVATIVE

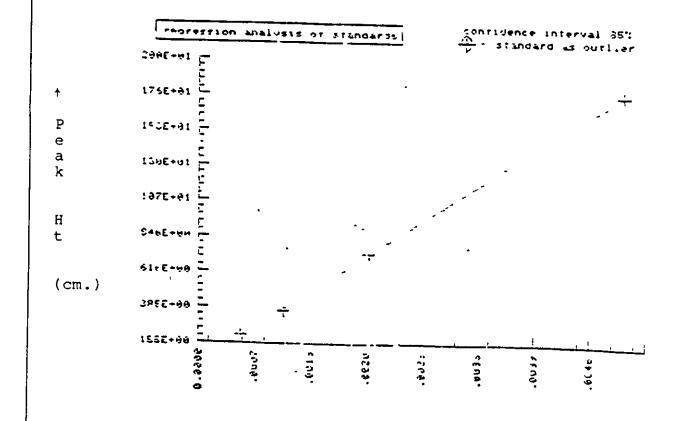


0.5 pg. Standard

2.0 pg. Standard

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FIGURE 5: TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE



Amount Injected (pg.)

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FIGURE 6: TYPICAL CHROMATOGRAMS FOR THE DETERMINATION OF RESIDUES OF PROPICONAZOLE IN CELERY



Check sample 0.045 mg injected Found: 0.07 ppm of propiconazole

Check + 0.2 ppm 0.045 mg injected Found: 0.26 ppm of propiconazole 95% recovery

Sample 3-1B 0.022 mg injected Found: 0.34 ppm of propiconazole

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FIGURE 7: TYPICAL CHROMATOGRAMS FOR THE DETERMINATION OF RESIDUES OF PROPICONAZOLE IN CORN SILAGE



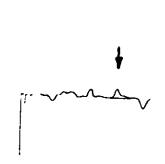
Check sample 0.045 mg injected Found: <0.05 ppm of propiconazole

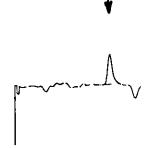
Check + 1.0 ppm 0.018 mg injected Found: 0.85 ppm of propiconazole 81% recovery

Sample 6-1A 0.001 mg injected Found: 9.3 ppm of propiconazole

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FIGURE 8: TYPICAL CHROMATOGRAMS FOR THE DETERMINATION OF RESIDUES OF PROPICONAZOLE IN WHEAT GRAIN







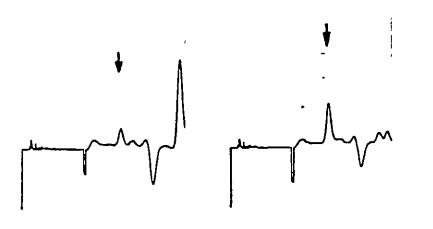
Check sample 0.045 mg injected Found: <0.05 ppm of propiconazole Ref. AG-A 8661, 02

Check + 0.05 ppm 0.045 mg injected Found: 0.05 ppm of propiconazole 107% recovery

Treated Sample (200 g a1/A) 0.045 mg injected Found: <0.05 ppm of propiconazole

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FIGURE 9: TYPICAL CHROMATOGRAMS FOR THE DETERMINATION OF RESIDUES OF PROPICONAZOLE IN CORN GRAIN



Check sample

0.045 mg injected

Found: <0.05 ppm

of propiconazole

Check + 0.05 ppm 0.045 mg injected Found: 0.08 ppm of propiconazole 95% recovery (corrected)

Sample 6-3A 0.045 mg injected Found: <0.05 ppm of propiconazole

CERTIFICATION

The reports and the experimental results included in this study, Laboratory Project I.D. AG-454A, are certified to be authentic accounts of the experiments.

12/8/86 Date

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